



Domtar

Johnsonburg Mill

RAPID BLEACHING OPTIMIZATION

USING ADVANCED INSTRUMENTS AND CONTROLS

Mill Sponsor – Bill Boylan – Domtar

Presenter – Holt Crenshaw – Valmet



Holt Crenshaw



- 37 years working in Pulp and Paper Mills for various companies at several locations on many platforms.
- Always focused on Process Control and Process Optimization.
- Prefers engineering over management.
- BA/BS in Chemistry/Chemical Engineering (Hendrix College/Columbia University)
- Professional Engineer (Process Controls)
- Currently responsible for implementing Advanced Process Control projects in the digester, washing and bleaching areas.
- Sr Optimization Engineer
- Holt.Crenshaw@Valmet.com

Valmet Bleaching Optimizer (VBO)

- Project Summary
- Project Results
- Johnsonburg uniqueness
- Sustainability activities.
 - ClO₂- control
 - Alarms

Business Objective Served by This Project

- To upgrade existing Kappa analyzer equipment with a new sample location and add absolute brightness measurements
- Implement Bleaching Optimizer to obtain optimal chemical savings

Johnsonburg is unique because:

- Use Near-Neutral Bleaching approach
- Periodic use of xylanase enzymes in the brown HD.
- Brightness target is near the brightness ceiling for their process.

Project Time Line

- Project Kick-off Meeting Feb 2021
- New KappaQ1 and KappaQC Mods received and installed Jun 2021
- VBO computer images installed Jun 2021
- New KappaQ1 and KappaQC calibrated Aug 9, 2021
- VBO commissioning and start-up Aug 9-21, 2021
- Optimization and trouble shooting Aug 21-31, 2021
- Project Impact Performance Run (30d) Sept 2021
- Begin Sustainability/Optimization Oct 2021

Project Benefit achieved within one week of turning on the controls.

MPC Control Matrix

MV-DV \ CV		D1	EOP			D2				
		D0 Outlet pH	E1 Kappa	E1 Brightness	E1 Outlet pH	D1 Outlet pH	D1 Brightness	D1 Chlorite Residual		
D1	ClO2 Dosage (MV)									
	pH Inlet Dosage (MV)									
	Inlet Kappa/Cornec (DV)									
	Inlet COD Index (DV)									
EOP	NaOH Dosage (MV)									
	H2O2 Dosage (MV)									
	O2 Dosage (MV)									
	Inlet Ph (DV)									
D2	ClO2 Dosage (MV)									
	NaOH Dosage (MV)									
	Inlet Brightness/Cornec (DV)									

Project Impact

- Project proposal guaranteed a savings of ClO₂(-7%) and NaOH(-5.25%).
- Project results
 - ClO₂ savings of 7.7%
 - NaOH savings of 7.3%
 - High Operator acceptance (98% utilization)
 - Final brightness COV of 0.27% and centered on target.
 - Performance run began two weeks after VBO startup, which began as soon as the instruments were ready.

After the project, sustainability and optimization efforts indicated an opportunity to improve ClO₂⁻ stability by actively controlling the ClO₂⁻ residual instead of controlling the after-tower pH. The Chlorite was modeled, and a trial is in progress.

Sustainability Activities

Past

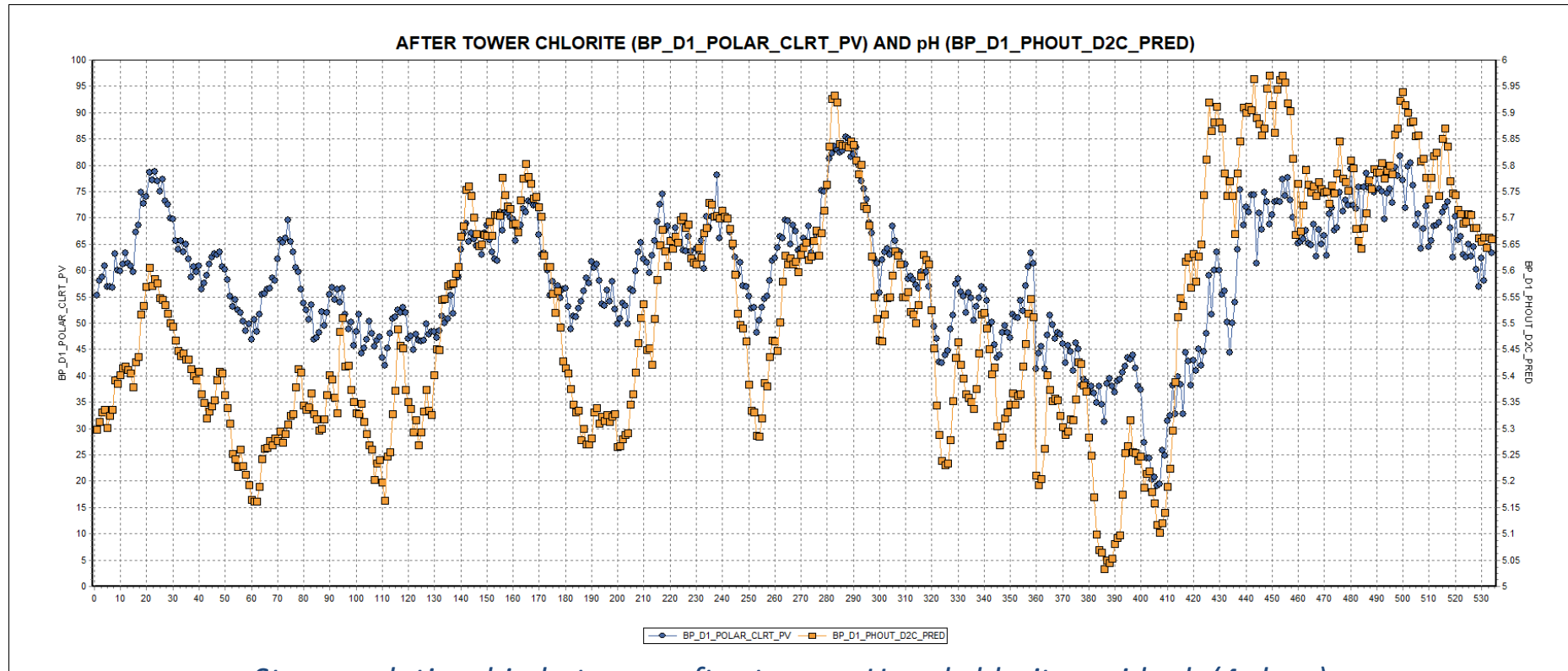
- High Brightness Runs – Created an new grade and fixed KappaQ calibration issue with high bright pulp. Improved lab brightness procedure.
- Carryover Detector developement – added BSW conductivity and tuned BP feed controls to handle high carryover events.
- Created ParcView Instrument Error charts for tracking instrument vs lab test to help maintain instrument accuracy.
- Checked appropriateness of final brightness target for machine needs.

Sustainability Activities

On Going

Optimize chlorite (ClO_2^-) residual in D2 Stage

- Picked the best ClO_2^- target for brightness retention in bleached HD.
- Tuned D2 exit pH control as part of the project, but believe control of ClO_2^- directly will improve brightness stability. Model created and awaiting outage.



Strong relationship between after tower pH and chlorite residual. (4-days)

Sustainability Activities

On going

- Investigate EOP filtrate color after optimization
 - **Increased EOP H₂O₂ trials – No significant impact from higher H₂O₂ to EOP. Trial H₂O₂ in filtrate tank?**
- Check impact/control on the ClO₂ scrubber
- Improving alarms to the DCS to detect VBO running on a limit.



QUESTIONS?